# GOJIRA FINE CHEMICALS, LLC

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## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Version 6.3 Revision Date 03/12/2019 Print Date 10/04/2019

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking **Product identifiers** 1.1 Product name Sodium tetraboratedecahydrate Product Number : BA1007 CAS-No. : 1303-96-4 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2 Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances **1.3** Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet : Gojira Fine Chemicals Company 5386 Majestic Parkway, Suite 7 Bedford Heights, OH 44146 Telephone :440-252-5397 Email :docsupport@gojirafc.com Fax :888-211-5523

## **1.4 Emergency telephone number**

Emergency Phone # : 800-255-3924 (ChemTel, Contract # MIS7318160)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

## GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Eye irritation (Category 2A), H319 Reproductive toxicity (Category 1B), H360 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard (Category 3), H402

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Danger

Signal word Hazard statement(s) H319 H360

Causes serious eye irritation. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

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H402	Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statement(s)	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.1	<b>Substances</b> Synonyms	:	Boraxdecahydrate Sodium boratedecah	ydrate
	Formula Molecular weight CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No.	::	B <sub>4</sub> Na <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> · 10H <sub>2</sub> O 381.37 g/mol 1303-96-4 215-540-4 005-011-01-1	
	Component			Classification

Component	Classification	Concentration		
Disodium tetraborate decahydrate				
	Eye Irrit. 2A; Repr. 1B; Aquatic Acute 3; H319, H360, H402	<= 100 %		

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

## In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

#### If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** No data available

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

- **5.2** Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Borane/boron oxides, Sodium oxides
- **5.3** Advice for firefighters Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
- **5.4 Further information** No data available

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

For personal protection see section 8.

- **6.2 Environmental precautions** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- **6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up** Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
- **6.4** Reference to other sections For disposal see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Storage class (TRGS 510): 6.1D: Non-combustible, acute toxic Cat.3 / toxic hazardous materials or hazardous materials causing chronic effects

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Components with workplace control parameters**

P					
Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis	
Disodium tetraborate decahydrate	1303-96-4	TWA	5 mg/m3 USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits		
		PEL	5 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)	
		TWA	2 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
	Remarks		Jpper Respiratory Tract irritation Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies		
		STEL	6 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
		Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies			

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### **Personal protective equipment**

#### Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

## **Skin protection**

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Full contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

#### **Body Protection**

Impervious clothing, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

## **Respiratory protection**

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a fullface particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### **Control of environmental exposure**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a)	Appearance	Form: crystalline Colour: white
b)	Odour	odourless
c)	Odour Threshold	No data available
d)	рН	9.2 at 10 g/l
e)	Melting point/freezing point	62 °C (144 °F)
f)	Initial boiling point	Decomposes below the boiling point.

and boiling range

g)	Flash point	()No data available
h)	Evaporation rate	No data available
i)	Flammability (solid, gas)	The product is not flammable.
j)	Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
k)	Vapour pressure	No data available
I)	Vapour density	No data available
m)	Relative density	1.73 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77 °F)
n)	Water solubility	38.1 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F) - completely soluble
o)	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: -1.53
p)	Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
q)	Decomposition temperature	No data available
r)	Viscosity	No data available
s)	Explosive properties	No data available
t)	Oxidizing properties	No data available
Otl	ner safety informatio	n

9.2 Other safety information No data available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## **10.1** Reactivity

No data available

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No data available

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** No data available

#### **10.5 Incompatible materials** Strong oxidizing agents, Strong reducing agents

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Borane/boron oxides, Sodium oxides Other decomposition products - No data available In the event of fire: see section 5

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

## Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 4,500 - 5,000 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4 h - > 2.04 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 403) Dermal: No data available No data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit Result: No skin irritation

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit Result: Moderate eye irritation (OECD Test Guideline 405)

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

## Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

#### Carcinogenicity

No data available

- IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
- NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
- OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

fetotoxicity Presumed human reproductive toxicant No data available

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure No data available

Aspiration hazard No data available

## Additional Information

RTECS: VZ2275000

Animal feeding studies in rat, mouse and dog, at high doses, have demonstrated effects on fertility and testes. Studies with the chemically related boric acid in the rat, mouse and rabbit, at high doses, demonstrate developmental effects on the fetus, including fetal weight loss and minor skeletal variations. The doses administered were many times in excess of those to which humans would normally be exposed. Human epidemiological studies show no increase in pulmonary disease in occupational populations with cronic

exposures to boric acid dust and sodium borate dust. A recent epidemiological study under the conditions of normal occupational eposure to borate dusts indicated no effect on fertility.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **12.1 Toxicity**

No data available

Toxicity to daphnia EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 1,085 - 1,402 mg/l - 48 h and other aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to algae IC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - 158 mg/l - 96 h

#### **12.2 Persistence and degradability** No data available

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log Pow  $\leq 4$ ).

**12.4 Mobility in soil** No data available

#### **12.5** Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Harmful to aquatic life. No data available

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### **13.1** Waste treatment methods

#### Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

#### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**DOT (US)** Not dangerous goods

#### IMDG

Not dangerous goods

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### SARA 302 Components

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

#### SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

#### Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Disodium tetraborate decahydrate	CAS-No. 1303-96-4	Revision Date 2007-03-01
Pennsylvania Right To Know Components	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Disodium tetraborate decahydrate	1303-96-4	2007-03-01

#### **California Prop. 65 Components**

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Further information**

The above information is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to Gojira Fine Chemicals. However, we make no warranty or merchantability or any other warranty, express or Implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Gojira Fine Chemicals be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Gojira Fine Chemicals has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

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