# GOJIRA FINE CHEMICALS, LLC

gojirafc.com

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Version 6.3 Revision Date 09/28/2019 Print Date 10/04/2019

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Potassium fluoride

Product Number : PF1002

CAS-No. : 7789-23-3

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Gojira Fine Chemicals

5386 Majestic Parkway, Suite 7 Bedford Heights,

OH 44146

Telephone :440-252-5397

Email :docsupport@gojirafc.com

Fax :888-211-5523

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : 800-255-3924 (ChemTel, Contract # MIS7318160)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3), H301 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331 Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 3), H311

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram

333

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Precautionary statement(s) P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing. P280 P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Rinse mouth. P302 + P352 + P312 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. P304 + P340 + P311 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. P361 P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal

## 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

plant.

Strong hydrogen fluoride-releaser

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Formula : FK

Molecular weight : 58.10 g/mol CAS-No. : 7789-23-3 EC-No. : 232-151-5 Index-No. : 009-005-00-2

Component	Classification	Concentration
Potassium fluoride		
	Acute Tox. 3; H301, H331,	<= 100 %
	H311	

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### **General advice**

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area. Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24 hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is

experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician. First treatment with calcium gluconate paste.

#### In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

#### If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hydrogen fluoride, Potassium oxides Not combustible.

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

## 5.4 Further information

No data available

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

## 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

hygroscopic Store under inert gas. Keep in a dry place. Do not store in glass Storage class (TRGS 510): 6.1D: Non-combustible, acute toxic Cat.3 / toxic hazardous materials or hazardous materials causing chronic effects

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

**Components with workplace control parameters** 

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Potassium fluoride	7789-23-3	TWA	2.5 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
	Remarks	CAS number varies with compound		
		TWA	2.5 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		Bone damage Fluorosis Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies		

	PEL		California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
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**Biological occupational exposure limits** 

Component	CAS-No.	Parameters	Value	Biological specimen	Basis
Potassium fluoride	7789-23-3	Fluoride	2 mg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
	Remarks	Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)			
		Fluoride	3 mg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
		End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)			

## 8.2 Exposure controls

## **Appropriate engineering controls**

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

## **Personal protective equipment**

## Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

#### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail

sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our

customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

## **Body Protection**

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

## Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N99 (US) or type P2 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

## Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance Form: powder

Colour: white

b) Odourc) Odour Thresholddata availableNo data available

d) pH No data available

e) Melting point/freezing point

Melting point/range: 858 °C (1576 °F) - lit.

f) Initial boiling point and boiling range

1,505 °C 2,741 °F

g) Flash point ()No data available

h) Evaporation rate No data availablei) Flammability (solid, No data available

gas)

j) Upper/lower No data available

flammability or explosive limits

k) Vapour pressure No data availablel) Vapour density No data available

m) Relative density 2.48 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77 °F)

n) Water solubility No data availableo) Partition coefficient: No data available

n-octanol/water

p) Auto-ignition

No data available

temperature

q) Decomposition No data available temperature

r) Viscosity No data availables) Explosive properties No data available

t) Oxidizing properties No data available

## 9.2 Other safety information

Bulk density 4 kg/m3

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

No data available

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Reacts dangerously with glass.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acidsglass

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Hydrogen fluoride,

Potassium oxides

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 25 - 2,000 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 401)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 4 h - 1 mg/l

(OECD Test Guideline 403)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

LD50 Dermal - Rat - male and female - > 2,000 mg/kg

(US-EPA)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

Dermal: (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)

No data available

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 4 h

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

(US-EPA)

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Buehler Test - Guinea pig

Result: negative

(US-EPA)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

## Germ cell mutagenicity

In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: negative

(in analogy to similar products) (ECHA)

Ames test S. typhimurium Result: negative

(in analogy to similar products)

US-EPA

Mouse - male - Bone marrow

Result: negative

(in analogy to similar products)

## Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

## Reproductive toxicity

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Acute oral toxicity - tissue damage

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

## **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

## **Additional Information**

Repeated dose toxicity - Rat - male and female - Oral - 24 Months - No observed adverse effect level - 25 mg/kg - Lowest observed adverse effect level - 4 mg/kg (in analogy to similar products)

RTECS: Not available

Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia.

Salivation, Nausea, Vomiting, Abdominal pain, Fever, Irregular breathing., Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia., perforation of the nasal septum, calcium deposits in the ligaments, Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

After absorption:

Convulsions, Unconsciousness, Cardiac irregularities, respiratory arrest, shock After long-term exposure to the chemical:

Damage to:

Bone marrow

The following applies to soluble inorganic fluorides in general: may cause irritations to burns in contact with eyes, skin, mucous membranes. Systemic effect: drop in blood calcium level, agitation, spasms, cardiovascular disorders, CNS disorders.

This substance should be handled with particular care.

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Harmful effect due to pH shift.

Forms toxic and corrosive mixtures with water even if diluted.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

## **Contaminated packaging**

Dispose of as unused product.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

DOT (US)

UN number: 1812 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Potassium fluoride, solid

Reportable Quantity (RQ): Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

**IMDG** 

UN number: 1812 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III EMS-No: F-A, S-A

Proper shipping name: POTASSIUM FLUORIDE, SOLID

**IATA** 

UN number: 1812 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Potassium fluoride, solid

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### **SARA 302 Components**

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

## **SARA 313 Components**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

## SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

# **Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

## **Pennsylvania Right To Know Components**

Potassium fluoride CAS-No. Revision Date 7789-23-3 2007-03-01

**New Jersey Right To Know Components** 

Potassium fluoride CAS-No. Revision Date 2007-03-01 7789-23-3

#### California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

## **Further information**

The above information is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to Goiira Fine Chemicals. However, we make no warranty or merchantability or any other warranty, express or Implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Gojira Fine Chemicals be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Gojira Fine Chemicals has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

Version: 6.3 Revision Date: 09/28/2019 Print Date: 10/04/2019