# GOJIRA FINE CHEMICALS, LLC

gojirafc.com

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 4.10 Revision Date 11/02/2016 Print Date 10/04/2019

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Cobalt(II) nitrate hexahydrate

Product Number : CN1003

CAS-No. : 10026-22-9

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Gojira Fine Chemicals

5386 Majestic Parkway, Suite 7 Bedford Heights,

OH 44146

Telephone :440-252-5397

Email :docsupport@gojirafc.com

Fax :888-211-5523

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : 800-255-3924 (ChemTel, Contract # MIS7318160)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

## GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Oxidizing solids (Category 2), H272
Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302
Respiratory sensitisation (Category 1), H334
Skin sensitisation (Category 1), H317
Germ cell mutagenicity (Category 2), H341
Carcinogenicity (Category 1B), H350
Reproductive toxicity (Category 1B), H360
Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H400
Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

P210 Keep away from heat.

P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials.
P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

Rinse mouth.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304 + P341 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep

at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to

extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage. P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 3.1 Substances

Synonyms : Cobaltous nitrate

Formula :  $CoN_2O_6 \cdot 6H_2O$ Molecular weight : 291.03 g/molCAS-No. : 10026-22-9

# **Hazardous components**

| Component  | Classification   | Concentration |  |  |  |
|--|--|---------------|--|--|--|
| Cobaltous nitrate, hexahydrate Included in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) |  |               |  |  |  |
|  | Ox. Sol. 2; Acute Tox. 4;<br>Resp. Sens. 1; Skin Sens. 1;<br>Muta. 2; Carc. 1B; Repr. 1B;<br>Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic<br>Chronic 1; H272, H302, H317,<br>H334, H341, H350, H360,<br>H410 | <= 100 %      |  |  |  |

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

## **General advice**

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

## In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

#### If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### 5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up and shovel. Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wetbrushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

For precautions see section 2.2.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

| Component          | CAS-No.    | Value  | Control    | Basis                                   |  |
|--------------------|------------|--|------------|---|--|
| ·                  |            |  | parameters |   |  |
| Cobaltous nitrate, | 10026-22-9 | TWA  | 0.020000   | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values       |  |
| hexahydrate        |            |  | mg/m3      | (TLV)                                   |  |
|                    | Remarks    | Pulmonary function   |            |   |  |
|                    |            | Asthma   |            |   |  |
|                    |            | Myocardial effects   |            |   |  |
|                    |            | Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices   |            |   |  |
|                    |            | (see BEI® section)   |            |   |  |
|                    |            | Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans   |            |   |  |
|                    |            | varies   |            |   |  |
|                    |            | TWA  | 0.02 mg/m3 | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) |  |
|                    |            | Pulmonary function Asthma Myocardial effects Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans varies |            |   |  |
|                    |            |  |            |   |  |
|                    |            |  |            |   |  |
|                    |            |  |            |   |  |
|                    |            |  |            |   |  |
|                    |            |  |            |   |  |
|                    |            |  |            |   |  |

**Biological occupational exposure limits** 

| Component                         | CAS-No.    | Parameters                      | Value   | Biological specimen | Basis   |
|-----------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------------------|---|
| Cobaltous nitrate,<br>hexahydrate | 10026-22-9 | Cobalt                          | 15 μg/l | Urine               | ACGIH - Biological<br>Exposure Indices<br>(BEI) |
|                                   | Remarks    | End of shift at end of workweek |         |                     |   |
|                                   |            | Cobalt                          |         | Urine               | ACGIH - Biological<br>Exposure Indices<br>(BEI) |
|                                   |            | End of shift at end of workweek |         |                     |   |

## 8.2 Exposure controls

## Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## Personal protective equipment

## Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

## Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method:

EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

## **Body Protection**

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

# Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

## Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance Form: crystalline

Colour: red

b) Odourc) Odour ThresholdNo data availableNo data available

d) pH 4.0 at 100 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F)

e) Melting point/freezing Melti

point

Melting point/range: 55 °C (131 °F) - lit.

f) Initial boiling point and

No data available

boiling range

g) Flash point Not applicableh) Evaporation rate No data available

h) Evaporation rate No data availablei) Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

j) Upper/lower No data available

flammability or explosive limits

k) Vapour pressure No data available

I) Vapour density No data availablem) Relative density 1.88 g/cm3

o) Partition coefficient: n-

No data available

octanol/water

No data available

soluble

p) Auto-ignition temperature

n) Water solubility

No data available

q) Decomposition temperature

No data avallable

r) Viscosity

No data available

s) Explosive properties No data available

t) Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is classified as oxidizing with the category 2.

9.2 Other safety information

Bulk density 800 kg/m3

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

## 10.1 Reactivity

No data available

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat Exposure to moisture

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Organic materials, Reducing agents

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Cobalt/cobalt oxides Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - 691 mg/kg

LD50 Oral - Rat - 434 mg/kg

Remarks: anhydrous

Inhalation: No data available

Dermal: No data available

No data available

## Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

In vitro tests showed mutagenic effects

No data available

## Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity - Rabbit

Tumorigenic:Tumors at site or application.

Possible human carcinogen

IARC: 2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Cobaltous nitrate, hexahydrate)

2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Cobaltous nitrate, hexahydrate)

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

## Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Presumed human reproductive toxicant

No data available

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

## Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

#### **Additional Information**

RTECS: QU7355500

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

## 12.6 Other adverse effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Very toxic to aquatic life.

, ,

No data available

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

# Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN number: 1477 Class: 5.1 Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Nitrates, inorganic, n.o.s.

Reportable Quantity (RQ):

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

**IMDG** 

UN number: 1477 Class: 5.1 Packing group: II EMS-No: F-A, S-Q

Proper shipping name: NITRATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Cobaltous nitrate, hexahydrate)

Marine pollutant:yes

**IATA** 

UN number: 1477 Class: 5.1 Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Nitrates, inorganic, n.o.s.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## **SARA 302 Components**

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

#### **SARA 313 Components**

SARA 311/312 Hazards

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

CAS-No. Revision Date 10026-22-9 1993-04-24

Cobaltous nitrate, hexahydrate

Reactivity Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

**Massachusetts Right To Know Components** 

CAS-No. Revision Date Cobaltous nitrate, hexahydrate 10026-22-9 1993-04-24

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

CAS-No. Revision Date

Cobaltous nitrate, hexahydrate 10026-22-9 1993-04-24

**New Jersey Right To Know Components** 

CAS-No. Revision Date

Cobaltous nitrate, hexahydrate 10026-22-9 1993-04-24

# California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic Chronic aquatic toxicity

Carc. Carcinogenicity

H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Muta. Germ cell mutagenicity

**HMIS Rating** 

Health hazard: 2 Chronic Health Hazard: \* Flammability: 0 Physical Hazard 2

**NFPA** Rating

Health hazard: 2
Fire Hazard: 0
Reactivity Hazard: 2
Special hazard.I: OX

## **Further information**

The above information is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to Gojira Fine Chemicals. However, we make no warranty or merchantability or any other warranty, express or Implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Gojira Fine Chemicals be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Gojira Fine Chemicals has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

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